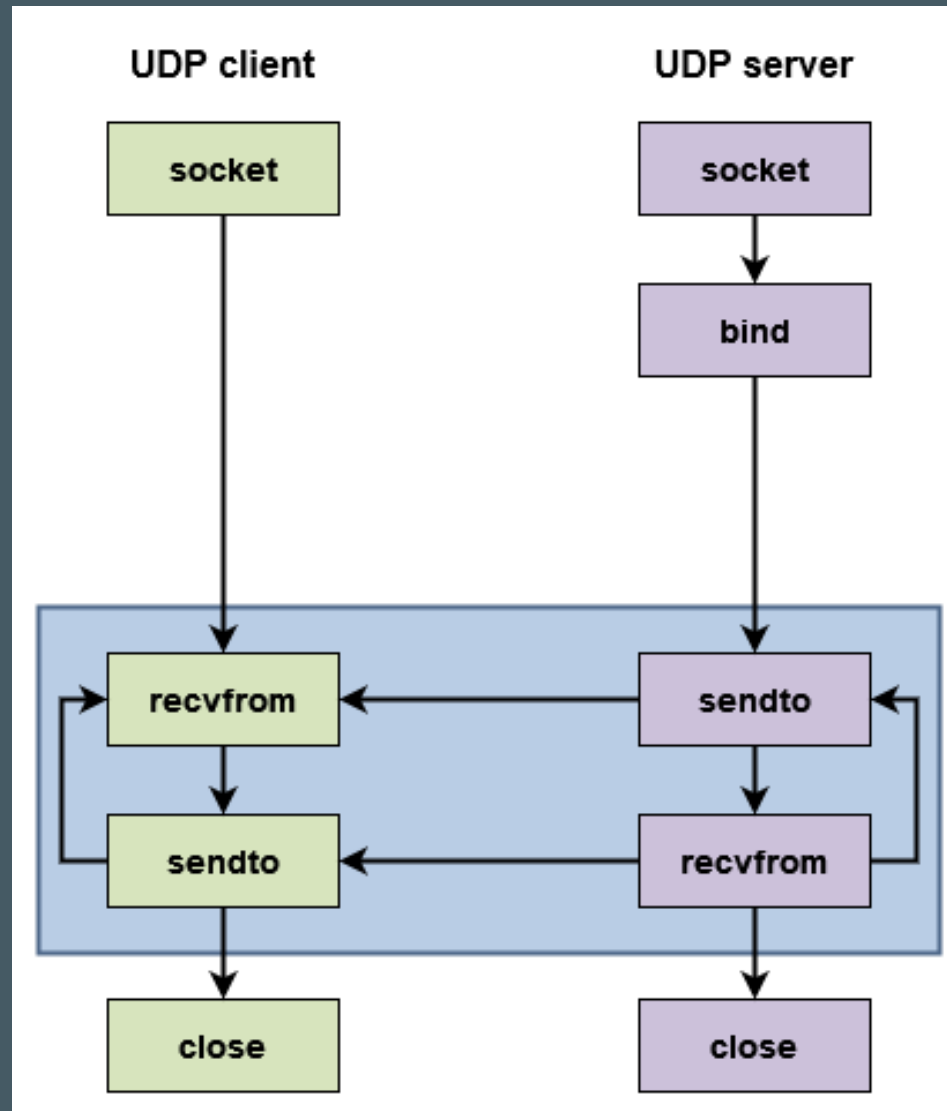


Telecommunications Network

Practice 5

UDP



UDP

- `socket`

```
sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM)
```

- `recvfrom()`

```
data, address = sock.recvfrom(4096)
```

- `sendto()`

```
sent = sock.sendto(data, address)
```

Exercise I.

- Write a server-client application that uses UDP.
- The client should send a `b"Hello Server"` bytestring to the server and in return the server should respond with `b"Hello Client"`.
- Is our server capable of handling multiple clients? Why or why not?

Netmask

- Description of addresses in a subnet.

Address (Host or Network)	Netmask (i.e. 24)	Netmask for sub/supernet (optional)
<input type="text" value="192.168.0.1"/>	<input type="text" value="16"/>	move to: <input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Calculate"/>	<input type="button" value="Help"/>	

Address:	192.168.0.1	11000000.10101000	.00000000.00000001
Netmask:	255.255.0.0 = 16	11111111.11111111	.00000000.00000000
Wildcard:	0.0.255.255	00000000.00000000	.11111111.11111111
=>			
Network:	192.168.0.0/16	11000000.10101000	.00000000.00000000 (Class C)
Broadcast:	192.168.255.255	11000000.10101000	.11111111.11111111
HostMin:	192.168.0.1	11000000.10101000	.00000000.00000001
HostMax:	192.168.255.254	11000000.10101000	.11111111.11111110
Hosts/Net:	65534	(Private Internet)	

Netmask RFC

CIDR RFC

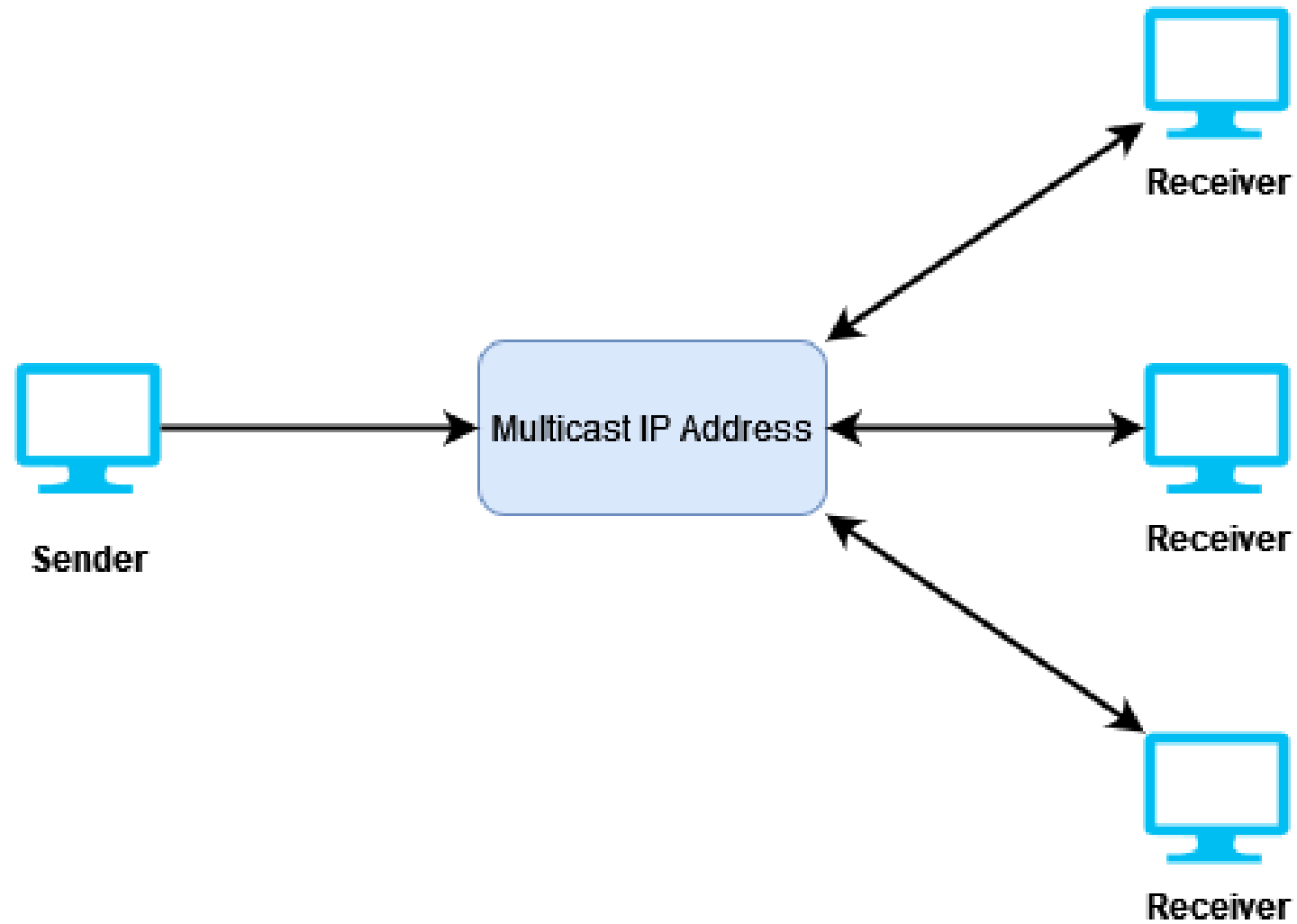
Exercise II.

- How many addresses do we get with the following masks?
- Calculate the min and max address for each option.
 - 188.100.22.12/32
 - 188.100.22.12/20
 - 188.100.22.12/10

Multicast

Class	Range	Description
A	0.0.0.0 - 127.255.255.255	Unicast
B	128.0.0.0 - 191.255.255.255	Unicast
C	192.0.0.0 - 223.255.255.255	Unicast
D	224.0.0.0 - 239.255.255.255	Multicast
E	240.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255	Reserved

Multicast



Multicast

- `setsockopt()` (sender)

```
ttl = struct.pack("b", 1)
sock.setsockopt(socket.IPPROTO_IP, socket.IP_MULTICAST_TTL, ttl)
```

- Adding a socket to the multicast group (recv)

```
multicast_group = "224.3.29.71"
group = socket.inet_aton(multicast_group)
mreq = struct.pack("4sL", group, socket.INADDR_ANY)
sock.setsockopt(socket.IPPROTO_IP, socket.IP_ADD_MEMBERSHIP, mreq)
```

Udp stream example

- Example code on the website.
- Install OpenCV

```
python3 -m pip install --user opencv-python
```

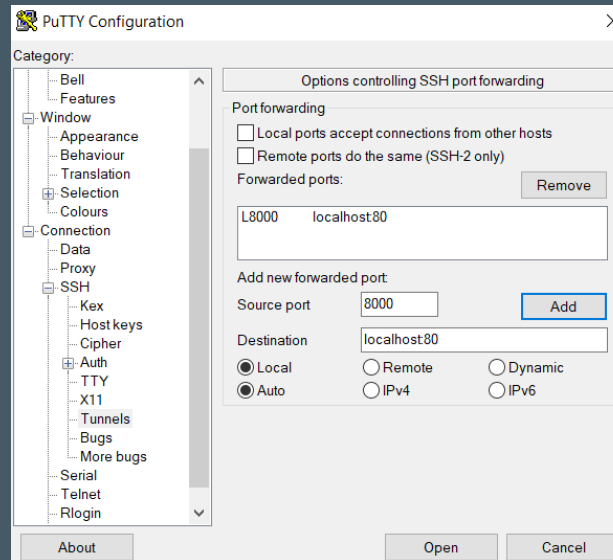
How video streaming works

SSH Tunnel

- In the terminal (Works on Windows as well!):

```
ssh -L 8000:localhost:80 user@hostname
```

- Another option can be the use of a friendlier (one with a GUI) ssh client e.g. Putty.



Exercise III.

- Modify the calculator application so that it uses UDP instead of TCP.

Exercise IV.

- Write a server-client application, where the client send a picture to the server over UDP.
 - The client should send the file in 200 byte chunks.
 - If it gets to the end of the file, the client should send an empty string.
 - The server should acknowledge every chunk it receives with the b"OK" bytestring.